

## **DIVIDEND DISTRIBUTION POLICY**

### **INTRODUCTION**

The Board of Directors (the “**Board**”) of KRA Leasing Limited (“the “**Company**”) understands the importance of shareholders’ confidence and trust in the Company.

In order to preserve the same with transparency and to ensure that there is no conflict of interest or any apprehension in the minds of its shareholders, the Board of the Company, has adopted the Dividend Distribution Policy (“**Policy**”) and procedures with respect to Dividends declared/recommended by the Company in accordance with the provisions of Regulation 43A of the Securities and Exchange Board of India (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015 (“**Listing Regulations**”) as amended from time to time.

### **PURPOSE**

The purpose of this Policy is to facilitate the process of dividend recommendation or declaration and its payment by the Company which would ensure a regular dividend income for the shareholders and longer term capital appreciation for all stakeholders of the Company.

Dividend is the payment made by a Company to its shareholders, usually in the form of distribution of its profits. The profit earned by the Company can either be retained in business or used for acquisitions, expansion or diversification, or it can be distributed to the shareholders. The Company may choose to retain a part of its profits and distribute the balance among its shareholders as dividend.

The Company would ensure to strike the right balance between the quantum of dividend paid and amount of profits retained in the business. The Board will refer to the Policy while declaring/recommending dividends on behalf of the Company.

### **PARAMETERS TO BE CONSIDERED FOR DECLARING / RECOMMENDING DIVIDEND**

#### **A) Financial/ Internal factors:**

- Profits earned during the financial year, accumulated reserves and distributable profits
- Working capital and capital expenditure requirement
- Financial commitments with respect to the borrowings undertaken/proposed to be undertaken and interest thereon- Financial requirement for business expansion and/or diversification
- Capital requirements for maintenance of appropriate capital adequacy ratio
- Provisioning for financial implications arising out of unforeseen events and/or contingencies
- Past dividend declaration trend of the Company, to the extent available
- Such other factors and/or material events which the Board of Directors may consider relevant

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### B) External Factors:

- Legal requirements / regulatory restrictions
- Macro Economic environment
- Cost of borrowing and covenants, if any, with lenders
- Business outlook for the future years - Government policies
- Prevalent market practices

### **CIRCUMSTANCES UNDER WHICH THE SHAREHOLDERS OF THE COMPANY MAY OR MAY NOT EXPECT DIVIDEND**

While the decision to declare/recommend dividends shall primarily be dependent on the parameters mentioned above, the shareholders of the Company may not expect dividend in the following circumstances, subject to discretion of the Board of Directors:

- Broad adverse macroeconomic scenario which may require the Board to retain a larger portion of profits to build up reserves
- Proposed expansion/ diversification plans requiring higher capital allocation
- Decision to undertake any acquisitions, amalgamation, merger, joint ventures etc. which require significant capital outflow
- Regulatory restrictions / obligations which may restrict the issue of dividends
- Requirement of higher working capital to support business and operations of the Company
- Proposal for corporate action requiring significant capital outflow such as buy-back of securities
- Cost of raising funds from alternate sources - Funds for meeting contingent liabilities
- In the event of loss or inadequacy of profit or cash flow available for distribution
- Other factors beyond control of the Company like natural calamities, fire etc. affecting the operations of the Company
- Any other factor as deemed appropriate by the Board of Directors.

### C) Retained Earnings:

Retained earnings would be used to further the company's business priorities. If there are excess reserves beyond the medium to long term business requirements, the

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retained earnings would be distributed to shareholders via Dividends or other means as permitted by applicable regulations.

### **CONFLICT IN POLICY**

In the event of a conflict between this policy and the existing statutory regulations, the statutory regulations will prevail.

### **REVIEW & AMENDMENT**

This Policy may be reviewed and amended periodically as and when required by the Board to ensure that it meets the objectives of the relevant legislation and needs of the Company and remain effective. The Board has the right to change/amend the policy as may be expedient taking into account the law for the time being in force.

In the event of any amendment(s), clarification(s), circular(s), provision(s) etc. issued by the relevant authorities, not being consistent with the provisions laid down under this Policy, then the same shall prevail upon the provisions hereunder and this Policy shall stand amended accordingly.

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